

CLUE AT LAST TO DINGEE MURDER

Arrest of Corey, Accused of Defrauding 2,000 Victims, May Lead to Solving a Mystery Six Years Old.



GEORGE G. COREY.

Alleged swindler whose arrest may throw light on Dingee murder mystery.

Not only do the Post Office inspectors believe that they have stopped a gigantic fraud in arresting George G. Corey, but Inspector M. H. Boyle feels sure that the mystery of the murder of old Solomon S. Dingee, in 1896, may be cleared up.

Corey is under arrest for using the mails to defraud. It is charged that he got more than \$50,000 from various persons all over the country—nearly 2,000 victims in all, the officers say—in the last five years by representing that they had big fortunes coming to them from the fabulously rich Dingee estate.

The Dingee and Drake estates were represented by Corey as holding title to immense interests in Dutchess and Putnam Counties. He said that he, too, was an heir and got money by asking co-operation from the other heirs. A complaint was made by eighty-year-old Peter Gale, of Westchester County. Corey had got \$200 from him. Corey was arrested in Paterson, N. Y.

The Dingee Murder.

Since the arrest Inspector Boyle has heard that Corey is a well-known greengrocer from St. John, N. B., whose name was mentioned in connection with the mysterious death in this city, in 1896, of aged Solomon S. Dingee. Dingee was a real-estate dealer, with an office in the Potter Building. He disappeared Jan. 12, 1896, and his body was found several weeks later in the North River. It was the general belief that the old man had been murdered.

It was known that Dingee had spent the last five years of his life collecting evidence of his claim and that he had valuable documents in his possession, including the original Dingee will. When relatives of the dead man searched his office after his disappearance, they found it had been looted and that all the papers relating to the estate were missing.

Corey Held in Jail.

Corey waived examination before Commissioner Shields this morning and was held in \$25,000 bail for the Grand Jury. He declared that his business was perfectly legitimate and that he could show where he spent every cent as he agreed with the other heirs to do.

Concerning the murder, his counsel said that Corey was absolutely innocent and that he had obtained the Dingee papers from the floating bottle in the river.

Inspector Boyle is working on the murder case and says he has much damaging evidence against Corey.

THINKS LATIMER MURDERER HAD WOMAN CONFEDERATE.

Bernard Rapp Tells of French Seamstress, Whose Visits Were Followed by Burglaries.

Bernard Rapp, a cigar dealer at No. 98 Broad street, who lives in the apartment-house at No. 323 West Twenty-seventh street, tells to the police a story which gives a new clue to the murderer of Albert C. Latimer, who was shot to death by a burglar before his wife's eyes in their Brooklyn home.

Rapp complains of two visits to his flat by burglars, and says he suspects the burglars were helped by a former seamstress, who was at one time in the employ of the Latimers.

This sewing girl was a foreigner, French, he thinks, and Rapp says she spoke of a family named Latimer for whom she had sewed. He says the seamstress said she was from Paris, and had come to America two years ago. He says she had also been employed by Fleischman, whose home was recently burglarized, and by Nina Farrington, and that she is the woman who was arrested after the robbery of the actress's flat.

Rapp told the police that the janitress of his apartment-house let the thieves in last Thursday while he and his wife were absent. They said they wanted to see vacant flats. They broke into Rapp's flat and gathered up a lot of movable property, but were frightened away before they got a chance to remove the loot. They appeared again yesterday and said they had been sent by Mr. Rapp for something he had for-

MUTINY RIFE ON PRESIDENT'S MAYFLOWER.

Many Attempts at Desertion Made from the President's Beautiful Steam Yacht.

"ALL WORK AND NO PLAY."

Four Men Are Now in the Brig and Six Others Have Escaped from Their Irksome Duties.

The watch pacing up and down on the deck of the converted cruiser Mayflower last night saw the head of a man bobbing about on the surface of the water a hundred yards off the starboard bow. He mentioned the fact to the officer of the deck, who quietly ordered a boat lowered. To the young officer who took his seat in the stern of the gig the latter whispered:

"Order him to stop and if he refuses shoot. This thing must stop."

The boat returned some minutes later, and a sailor boy with clothes drenched but with a dogged look on his young face was ordered up on the ship's side.

"No, I didn't succeed," was his reply to questions put by Lieutenant-Commander Gleaves.

Trial for Desertion.

He was double-ironed and thrown into the "brig" and some day next week he will be placed on trial for attempted desertion from the United States service. In the iron cage with him were three others, all ironed as he was—two awaiting trial on the same charge and one, Martin, a coal passer, with a couple of years' imprisonment staring him in the face.

The Mayflower is the handsome war vessel now lying in Cold Spring Harbor, just outside of Oyster Bay and within halting distance of Sagamore Hill, President Roosevelt's beautiful home. She is the President's yacht, and has a crew of 148 men and officers. And, of these, if they had their choice, more than half would leave the service to-morrow.

Said one of the bluejackets to an Evening World reporter yesterday:

"We are all sore, and within three weeks nine have deserted. Five got away. The other four were captured and each will do a term in prison. You would suppose that the crew of the Mayflower would be proud of their boat and their post—proud to be the protection of the President and feel honored at their selection, but you would make a big mistake."

All Work and No Play.

"We are discontented, and justly so. There is too much work—too much fake business—there are too many playboys and too much domineering. It's a case of eight hours on and four hours off, day in and day out, and all because of the President."

"It's a case of watch and double watch—a constant vigilance that is unnecessary, and if the President understood the situation I know things would be different."

"It's a case of bad judgment on the part of superior officers that makes the lads discontented and prompts them to dare anything to escape."

The Mayflower was formerly Ogden Goetz's yacht. She cost \$500,000 to build and furnish, and when the Spanish war broke out the millionaire sold her to the Government for just one-half that amount. She was converted into a cruiser, and today is perhaps the most handsomely furnished and perfectly equipped vessel in the navy.

Sailors Hate the Mayflower.

She is President Roosevelt's favorite. He admires her in every part, but the sailors in her forecastle curse every inch of her beautiful lines. They hate her from her bow to her stern, from her mainmast to her rudder-post, from her main trunk to her steps.

While lying in the North River waiting for the President's arrival the Mayflower lost four of her crew. They deserted, and Secret Service men are looking for them now. The President arrived and was taken to Oyster Bay. The Mayflower found an anchorage, and a few nights later two of her crew were picked up by the Secret Service men and taken back as deserters. They have been in the brig ever since.

One Swam Three Miles.

On Saturday night last two more attempted to get away and one succeeded. He swam three miles across the water to a boat which was waiting for him. He was taken back to the Mayflower. He cried out to the water for assistance, and Lieut. McCauley came to his rescue, and fetched him back to the "beautiful house."

He lay in the brig until yesterday, when he was court-martialed. He told in his own defense just why he had attempted to desert. He was weighted down with two suits of clothes, when the latter was ready to return. The orderly waited two hours at the dock for him to come back before he returned to the Mayflower and made a report.

New York—50 Hours—Chicago.

MAYOR AND ALDERMEN TO AVENGE HEBREWS

Mr. Low and City Fathers Call on Col. Partridge for Full Report of Assault on Mourners and Will Punish Offenders.

The Mayor and the Board of Aldermen began an investigation this afternoon into the assaults of yesterday on the Orthodox Jews of the east side, who, to the number of 50,000, marched at the funeral of Chief Rabbi Joseph. The Mayor wrote to the Police Commissioner and demanded a full report of the affair, characterizing it as a disgrace to the city and promising punishment for those who were to blame.

The Board of Aldermen demanded the punishment of the instigators of the riot. The attention of the Board was called to the affair by the resolution presented by Alderman Devlin, in whose district the riotous acts occurred. This is the resolution:

"Whereas, The unfortunate occurrence which resulted in a scene of violence at the corner of Grand and Sheriff streets on Wednesday, July 30, 1902, on the occasion of the funeral of the late Rev. Chief Rabbi Jacob Joseph has aroused indignation among thousands of our citizens; and,

"Whereas, Such riotous and turbulent disturbances should be avoided in future; Therefore, be it resolved that the Commissioner of Police be and is hereby respectfully requested to make a strenuous and thorough investigation of the affair so that the instigators of the riotous proceeding may be discovered and if found guilty summarily dealt with."

Alderman Devlin said: "Inasmuch as this unfortunate occurrence happened in the district which I have the honor to represent I move the adoption of the resolution."

It was passed unanimously.

ORGANIZE FOR REVENGE.

Great indignation prevails among the Hebrews of the east side to-day over the way in which the mourners at Rabbi Joseph's big funeral were treated yesterday by employees of the Hoe printing press factory and by

(Continued on Tenth Page.)

DR. VAN DE WATER'S VESTRYMEN MEET TO DISCUSS WATT DIVORCE CHARGES.

Their Suspicion that He Is the Unnamed Clergyman Against Whom the Commodore Made Insinuations Not Confirmed by the Lawyers in the Case.



DR. VAN DE WATER.

A meeting of officials and prominent members of St. Andrew's Harlem Episcopal Church was held in the Lawyer's Club at luncheon hour to-day to determine upon what line of action to follow in connection with the insinuations made against an unnamed Harlem clergyman in the answer of Archibald Watt, formerly commodore of the New York Yacht Club, to the suit of his wife for a divorce.

Inasmuch as the Watts were members of St. Andrew's Church and Mrs. Watt was prominent in the church work, the officials and members believe that the insinuations spoken of are directed at their pastor, Rev. Dr. George R. Van De Water, who was chaplain of the Seventy-first Regiment during the Spanish-American war.

Cannot Be Confirmed.

The suspicion that Dr. Van De Water is meant cannot be confirmed, because David May, of Howe & Hummel's office,

attorney for Dr. Watt, and Augustus Van Wyck and John C. Shaw, counsel for Mrs. Watt, refuse to divulge the name of the clergyman meant in Mr. Watt's answer.

The question considered at the meeting to-day was whether or not to notify Mr. Van De Water of the suspicions of the congregation. He is traveling in Italy.

E. J. Swords, senior warden of the church; William H. Sage, junior warden,

KING ABLE TO WALK; 500 WOOD CHOPPERS OFF ON A CRUISE.

Paces Pavilion Deck of Royal Yacht Without Assistance—Sits with Queen as He Sails Away.

COWES, ISLE OF WIGHT, July 31.—Favored by perfect weather the royal yacht Victoria and Albert cruised westward this afternoon. The King sat in the shade of an awning aft, with the Queen by his side. There was no salute, but at Osborne the guardship Australia manned sides as the King's yacht passed.

The Prince and Princess of Wales will take leave of the King to-morrow, and will not return to the Solent until after the coronation.

The following bulletin was issued this morning: "His Majesty has made rapid progress since Monday and his general condition leaves nothing to be desired."

"The wound is closing satisfactorily and the King is now able to walk the length of the pavilion deck of the royal yacht easily without assistance."

"The next bulletin will be issued on Thursday of next week."

A Sunday World Want, not taking much space, Brings housewife and homemaker face to face.

TEXANS SPECULATING ON FATE OF MEN CAUGHT IN CREEK BOTTOMS—RAILROADS STILL TIED UP AND SITUATION BAD.

DALLAS, Tex., July 31.—The only ray of hope which penetrates the gloom of the flood situation comes from the weather reports, which predict fair skies, and the fact that the Brazos River at Waco is falling again. Railroads are tied up worse than ever before in the history of the State.

The only railroad which has so far estimated its damage is the International and Great Northern. General Passenger Agent Price of that road, says the actual damage to the international road will reach \$100,000, and that road is not the worst sufferer.

Eight lives lost is the total so far reported—five in the San Marcos Valley and three at West Northern. General Passenger Agent Price of that road, says the actual damage to the international road will reach \$100,000, and that road is not the worst sufferer.

Lawyer John C. Shaw when seen by an Evening World reporter to-day refused to make public the name of the clergyman mentioned by his client.

"The attorneys for both sides agreed before the Court that the name of the clergyman was not to be made public until the case came to a hearing—should there be a hearing. We desire to prevent the publication of the name of the clergyman, and if the case does not come to trial I doubt if the name will ever become public property."

It Saves Four Hours. The Pennsylvania Special leaves New York every day in the forenoon. Connections for all points by Amos boat.

NEW RIOT THREATENED; MINERS URGE GOVERNOR TO RECALL SOLDIERS.

Guardsmen Began Arriving Within Two Hours After They Were Ordered to Shenandoah—No Demonstration Attempted To-Day by the Strikers.

(Special to The Evening World.)

POTTSVILLE, Pa., July 31.—At New Philadelphia to-day twenty-two deputies, with guns, marched into town to secure the release of men not permitted to return to work at a Silver Creek colliery.

The citizens declared the presence of armed men would tend to incite a riot, and Chief Burgess Walters ordered the deputies out of town.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., July 31.—Records were broken by the speed with which troops have been mobilized here following yesterday's riot.

The order calling out the troops was issued at 1 o'clock this morning. Within two hours troops began pouring into the town with full camp equipment.

Brig-Gen. Gobin and Companies D and I, of the Eighth Regiment, and the camp equipage for the Eighth and Twelfth Regiments from the State arsenal, were on the scene within five hours.

The mining district was alive with bayonets when the 7 o'clock whistles blew.

The soldiers spent the day in establishing camp at Columbia Park. A provost guard has been established throughout the town.

The streets of the town are full of idle men watching the militiamen, but there has been no hooting or jeering of the soldiers, though the miners are incensed at the calling out of the troops, which they say was unwarranted.

Officials of the Miners' Union have demanded that the Governor withdraw the troops at once, asserting their presence is unnecessary.

TROOPS TAKE POSSESSION; FIND SHENANDOAH QUIET.

THE DEAD. Unidentified special deputy, thrown under a passing train.

THE INJURED. W. W. Pasco, deputy sheriff, load of buckshot in shoulder. At Pottsville Hospital.

Joseph Reddick, nephew of the sheriff, almost clubbed to death by the mob.

Joseph Reddick, a Shenandoah policeman, beaten so badly that he is dying.

Frank Gacopsky, policeman, shot through body, dying.

Frank Fritz, a striker, shot in the head and body, dying.

Chief of Police Fry, shot in the arm and badly beaten, condition serious.

James Ringheiser, policeman, shot in the hand and shoulder and severely beaten.

Sixteen strikers carried away by their friends and their condition is not known.

MARTIAL RULE TO AWE STRIKERS.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., July 31.—Within an hour after daybreak Shenandoah was transformed into an armed camp to-day. Special trains brought militia from surrounding towns, and the work of mobilizing the troops and assigning them to picket duty was carried out with despatch.

Picket lines of militia were established before 7 o'clock, so that those who wished to go to work in the mines might do so.

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Hurt by the Rioters. Councilman George W. Good, of Pottsville, was present when the first outbreak of riot occurred. He was seized by one of the rioters, but he succeeded in holding his place on the locomotive of the train he had taken to reach home. He burned his hand by grasping the steam chest.

Two machinists of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company's shops were severely beaten and are in the Pottsville Hospital.

W. W. Pasco, a deputy, while escorting a number of workmen at Merriam Colliery, near Ashland, late last night, received a load of buckshot in his shoulder and is now in



BRIG-GEN. GOBIN.

Commanding at Shenandoah.

the State Hospital at Ashland. His assailant is unknown.

Brig-Gen. Gobin, who is in command of 1,500 troops, was joined here by his staff. The camp equipage from the State arsenal at Harrisburg arrived by special train at 5 o'clock.

Two of those injured in yesterday's riot are dying. One is Joseph Reddick, a policeman; the other is Frank Fritz, a striker. The strikers carried off their wounded, but it is learned that the bullets of the police and deputies struck over thirty.

Turbulence Growing. The miners about Shenandoah are (Continued on Tenth Page.)